Why Use Powder Coat Paint Instead of Baked Enamel?

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Most steel products manufactured by the Activar Construction Products Group are finished with a powder-coated paint, providing a more durable coating with a better finish than baked enamel, without the environmental concerns of a solvent paint process.

What is a Powder Coating?

Powder coatings include polymer resins and pigments which are applied to a metal substrate, then cured in an oven.

The Process: steel products are pre-treated to remove oils, metal oxides and welding scales. This pre-treatment both cleans and improves the bonding of the powder to the metal, eliminating the need for a primer. Powder coating is applied as a free-flowing dry powder to steel that is electrostatically charged to hold the powder to the substrate, providing excellent coverage on the inside and outside of corners. After application, the product is exposed to heat in an oven for a specific amount of time, allowing the powder to flow and thermally bond to the substrate, forming a durable hard finish.

Benefits of Using Powder Coat Paint Technology Include:

- Emits zero or near zero volatile organic compounds (VOC’s).
- Can produce much thicker coatings than conventional liquid coatings.
- Overspray can be recycled and allows nearly 100% use of the coating material.
- Paint application is typically very even with no runs or sags.
- Thermally bonded to the metal substrate, which provides superior adhesion and prevents chipping.
- Qualifies for the USGBC LEED program.

What is a Baked Enamel Coating?

Baked enamel coatings are acrylic/polyester coatings in liquid form in a VOC solvent.

The Process: steel products are pre-treated to remove oils, metal oxides and welding scales. This pre-treatment both cleans and improves the bonding of the paint to the metal, eliminating the need for a primer in some cases. The coating is paint in a solvent-based suspension which is applied to the steel by spray, brush or roller. After application, the product is exposed to heat in an oven for a specific amount of time, allowing the VOC’s to be eliminated and the paint to cure, and form a durable finish.

How does powder coating compare to baked enamel?

Enamel wet paint systems use a solvent carrier to convey the paint to the substrate. Elimination of the solvents during the curing process results in high levels of VOC’s and hazardous air pollutants. Powder coating produces no VOC’s. When an enamel is applied in a wet form, the surface appearance often shows spray patterns or brush strokes due to the application method, or can pull away from edges as the paint cures. Powder coating produces a smoother finish and better edge coverage. Paint thickness can vary and running and sagging are more noticeable. Powder coating has a more uniform application of paint than baked enamel.

Resources:
Powder Coating Institute www.powdercoating.org
Chemical Coaters Association International www.ccaiweb.com

This document is a guideline only, as interpretation of building codes may vary. Consult your local AHJ for appropriate standards in your area.